《国际商务谈判(双语)》本科课程教学大纲

一、课程基本信息

|) H 10 67 16 | 国际商务谈判(双语) | | | | | | |
|--------------|---|------------------|------------|---|----|--|--|
| 课程名称 | International Business Ne | gotiation (Bilir | ngual) | | | | |
| 课程代码 | 0060510 | 课程学 | :分 | 3 | | | |
| 课程学时 | 48 | 理论学时 | 32 | 实践学时 | 16 | | |
| 开课学院 | Vocational College | 适用专业与 | 与年级 | International Business Business Administration, Second Year | | | |
| 课程类别与性质 | Professional Foundation Optional Course | 考核方 | 式 | Without Exam | | | |
| 选用教材 | 《International Business I BAI Yuan ISBN: 978-7-300-30477-9 Publisher: China Renmin Edition:6 th edition, April, | 是否为 马工程教材 | No | | | | |
| 先修课程 | Management 0060510 | | | | | | |
| 课程简介 | This course is a summary of rational knowledge on negotiation related issues, learning the main bargaining and negotiation psychology, as well as conflicts between people and groups. It introduces good negotiation methods, which is a completely independent learning channel for those who want to feel the art of negotiation. This course systematically and comprehensively introduces the basic theories, basic knowledge and basic skills of business negotiation. It elaborates on a large number of latest cases in the field of business negotiation, paying equal attention to theory and practice. This course fully reflects the development characteristics and trends in the field of business negotiation. Through case study, students can understand and apply negotiation strategies, skills and art. Students will initially have the ability to solve general problems with business negotiation knowledge, they also will have a certain analysis ability and problem-solving ability for various situations in the negotiation, to improve their own quality to a certain extent, and to have a certain practical ability in foreign exchanges. | | | | | | |

| 选课建议与学习 要求 | Mandatory course for junior students majoring in business administration; Optional course for sophomore, junior and senior students who have studied economics, management, etc. | | | | | | |
|---------------|--|--------|----------|--|--|--|--|
| 大纲编写人 | 王骁飞 | 制/修订时间 | 2024.9.1 | | | | |
| 专业负责人 | 李慈慈 | 审定时间 | 2024.9.1 | | | | |
| 学院负责人 | | 批准时间 | | | | | |

二、课程目标与毕业要求

(一)课程目标

| 类型 | 序号 | 内容 |
|-----------------------|----|---|
| 知识目标 | 1 | Have a good command of the contents and methods of business negotiation, and understand the relevant legal provisions of business negotiation. |
| | 2 | Grasp the procedures and skills of business negotiation, business negotiation strategies and related skills. |
| 技能目标 | 3 | Be familiar with project risk and project procurement; be able to fully discuss the feasibility of the plan and complete a written report in the simulation negotiation. |
| | 4 | Use written or oral form to express one's own views and communicate effectively; be able to present the results of group negotiation. |
| | 5 | Listen to others' opinions, respect their perspectives, and analyze their needs; participate in discussions and simulated negotiations. |
| 素养目标 (含课程思 政目标) | 6 | The students should possess both physical and mental well-being, enabling them to effectively cope with the demands of academic studies and personal life. This will enable their active participation in classroom instruction and facilitate their acquisition of theoretical knowledge in negotiation. |

(二)课程支撑的毕业要求

- **LO1 Morality and cultivation:** support the leadership of the CPC, strengthen ideals and beliefs, consciously cultivate and actively promote the core socialist values, strengthen political identity, foster family and country feelings, abide by laws and regulations, inherit Lei Feng's spirit, practice the four terms school motto of "gratitude, return, love, responsibility", actively serve others, serve the society, be honest and responsible, love and work.
- 4 Integrity and responsibility, honesty in character, keeping promises, diligence and hard work, striving for excellence, and the courage to take responsibility.
- **LO2 Professional competence:** possess humanities literacy, possess theoretical knowledge and practical skills in a certain job or profession.
- 6 Project management skills. Be familiar with project scope, project time, project cost, project quality, project personnel, project communication, project risk, project procurement, project integration management, etc.
- **LO3 Expression and communication:** understand the opinions of others, respect their values, and be able to effectively communicate in written or oral form on different occasions.

- 1 Listen to others' opinions, respect their perspectives, and analyze their needs.
- 2 Use written or oral form to express one's own views and communicate effectively.

(三) 毕业要求与课程目标的关系

| 毕业 要求 | 指标 点 | 支撑 度 | 课程目标 | 对指标点的 贡献度 |
|----------|---------|--|--|--------------|
| LO1 | 4 | М | 6. The students should possess both physical and mental well-being, enabling them to effectively cope with the demands of academic studies and personal life. This will enable their active participation in classroom instruction and facilitate their acquisition of theoretical knowledge in negotiation. | 100% |
| | | | 1. Have a good command of the contents and methods of business negotiation, and understand the relevant legal provisions of business negotiation. | 30% |
| LO2 | 6 | L | 2. Grasp the procedures and skills of business negotiation, business negotiation strategies and related skills. | 30% |
| | | | 3. Be familiar with project risk and project procurement; be able to fully discuss the feasibility of the plan and complete a written report in the simulation negotiation. | 40% |
| 1.02 | (1) | 11 | 4. Use written or oral form to express one's own views and communicate effectively; be able to present the results of group negotiation. | 60% |
| LO3 (1) | H | 5. Listen to others' opinions, respect their perspectives, and analyze their needs; participate in discussions and simulated negotiations. | 40% | |
| 103 | <u></u> | П | 4. Use written or oral form to express one's own views and communicate effectively; be able to present the results of group negotiation. | 50% |
| LO3 | 2) | (2) H | 5. Listen to others' opinions, respect their perspectives, and analyze their needs; participate in discussions and simulated negotiations. | 50% |

三、课程内容与教学设计

(一) 各教学单元预期学习成果与教学内容

Unit 1 Negotiation Motives and Key Terminology Theory hour: 3 Practice hour: 0

Teaching Content:

- 1.1 Negotiations
- 1.2 Conflicts
- 1.3 Stakes

Knowledge Requirements:

Knowledge: the fundamental causes of conflicts.

Analysis: the basic approaches to the settlements of the conflicts.

Synthesis: define negotiations, conflicts and stakes.

Evaluation: the reason people negotiate.

Ability Requirements:

Students will know what are the fundamental causes of conflicts.

Students will analyze the basic approaches to the settlements of the conflicts.

Students will be able to define negotiations, conflicts and stakes defined.

Students will be able to evaluate why do people negotiate.

Teaching Emphasis:

What are the fundamental causes of conflicts?

What are the basic approaches to the settlements of the conflicts?

How are negotiations, conflicts and stakes defined?

Why do people negotiate?

Unit 2 Negotiation Procedure and Structure Theory hour: 3 Practice hour: 0

Teaching Content:

- 2.1 Negotiation Procedure
- 2.2 General Structure of Negotiations
- 2.3 Structure of Business Negotiations

Knowledge Requirements:

Knowledge: the major steps of a negotiation.

Application: the key points a negotiator has to consider during the negotiation.

Comprehension: to conduct business negotiation.

Ability Requirements:

Students will know the major steps of a negotiation.

Students will be able to apply the key points a negotiator has to consider during the negotiation.

Practice hour: 0

Theory hour: 3

Students will understand how to conduct business negotiation.

Teaching Emphasis:

What are the major steps of a negotiation?

What are the key points a negotiator has to consider during the negotiation?

How is a business negotiation conducted?

Unit 3 Negotiation Lubrication

Teaching Content:

3.1 Target Decision

- 3.2 Collecting Information
- 3.3 Staffing Negotiation Teams
- 3.4 Choice of Negotiation Venues

Knowledge Requirements:

Application: preparatory work that negotiators have to do.

Synthesis: targets to be set for a successful negotiation.

Comprehension: information's importance in a negotiation.

Knowledge: a negotiating team's composition.

Analysis: the choice of negotiation venues affect results of negotiations.

Ability Requirements:

Students will be able to do preparatory work that negotiators have to do.

Students will synthesize to set targets for a successful negotiation.

Students will understand how important information is in a negotiation.

Students will know a negotiating team's composition.

Students will be able to analyze the choice of negotiation venues affect results of negotiations.

Theory hour: 3

Practice hour: 0

Teaching Emphasis:

What preparatory work do negotiators have to do?

What targets are to be set for a successful negotiation?

Why is information so important in a negotiation?

What is a negotiating team composed of?

How will the choice of negotiation venues affect results of negotiations?

Unit 4 Win-win Concept

Teaching Content:

- 4.1 Traditional Concept
- 4.2 Introduction of Win-win Concept—a Revolution in Negotiation Field
- 4.3 How Can Both Sides Win

Knowledge Requirements:

Comprehension: win-win concept is a revolution in negotiation field.

Knowledge: traditional negotiation's procedure and its effect on negotiation.

Evaluation: the way both sides achieve win-win result.

Ability Requirements:

Students will understand the reason why win-win concept is a revolution in negotiation field.

Students will Know traditional negotiation's procedure and its effect on negotiation.

Students will be able to evaluate the way both sides achieve win-win result.

Teaching Emphasis:

Why is win-win concept a revolution in negotiation field?

What are traditional negotiation procedure and its effect on negotiation?

How can both sides achieve win-win result?

Unit 5 Collaborative Principled Negotiation Theory hour: 3 Practice hour: 0

Teaching Content:

- 5.1 Collaborative Principled Negotiation and Its Four Components
- 5.2 Separate the People from the Problem
- 5.3 Focus on Interests But Not Positions
- 5.4 Invent Options for Mutual Gain
- 5.5 Introduce Objective Criteria

Knowledge Requirements:

Synthesis: collaborative principled negotiation theory's composition.

Evaluation: the concepts that collaborative principled negotiation theory suggest.

Evaluation: collaborative principled negotiation theory provides a guiding line to successful negotiations.

Ability Requirements:

Students will synthesize collaborative principled negotiation theory's composition.

Students will be able to evaluate the concepts that collaborative principled negotiation theory suggest.

Students will be able to evaluate how collaborative principled negotiation theory provides a guiding line to successful negotiations.

Teaching Emphasis:

How many parts does collaborative principled negotiation theory consist of?

What concepts does collaborative principled negotiation theory suggest?

Why can we say that collaborative principled negotiation theory provides a guiding line to successful negotiations?

Theory hour: 6

Practice hour: 0

Unit 6 Law of Interest Distribution

Teaching Content:

- 6.1 Needs Theory
- 6.2 Application of the Needs Theory in Negotiation
- 6.3 Three Levels of Interests at the Domestic Level
- 6.4 Law of Two-level Games

Knowledge Requirements:

Comprehension: levels of interests involved in domestic negotiations.

Comprehension: the way different levels of interests affect the results of negotiations.

Knowledge: two levels of interests referred to in the Two Level Game.

Evaluation: the well-coordinated domestic interests have impacts on the result of an international negotiation.

Ability Requirements:

Students will understand levels of interests involved in domestic negotiations.

Students will understand the way different levels of interests affect the results of negotiations.

Students will know two levels of interests referred to in the Two Level Game.

Students will be able to evaluate how the well-coordinated domestic interests have impacts on the result of an international negotiation.

Teaching Emphasis:

How many levels of interests are involved in domestic negotiations?

How do different levels of interests affect the results of negotiations?

What are two levels of interests referred to in the Two Level Game?

What impact do the well-coordinated domestic interests have on the result of an international negotiation?

Unit 7 Negotiating Power and Related Factors Theory hour: 2 Practice hour: 0 Teaching Content:

- 7.1 Negotiating Power and Sources of Negotiating Power
- 7.2 Factors Causing the Changes of Negotiating Power
- 7.3 Application of Power Tactics
- 7.4 Estimating Negotiating Power

Knowledge Requirements:

Knowledge: negotiating power's definition.

Comprehension: negotiating power comes from where.

Analysis: factors can bring changes to a negotiator's power.

Evaluation: the way negotiators make use of the influencing factors to enhance their

negotiating power?

Ability Requirements:

Students will know negotiating power's definition.

Students will understand where does negotiating power come from.

Students will be able to analyze the factors bring changes to a negotiator's power.

Students will be able to evaluate the way negotiators make use of the influencing factors to enhance their negotiating power.

Teaching Emphasis:

What is negotiating power?

Where does negotiating power come from?

What factors can bring changes to a negotiator's power?

How can negotiators make use of the influencing factors to enhance their negotiating power?

Unit 8 Law of Trust Theory hour: 3 Practice hour: 0

Teaching Content:

- 8.1 Trust and Its Interpretation
- 8.2 Determinants Affecting the Trust Level
- 8.3 Determinants Affecting a Person's Trustful or Mistrustful Behavior
- 8.4 Effects of Trust
- 8.5 Suggestions of Enhancing Mutual Trust

Knowledge Requirements:

Comprehension: definition of trust.

Application: a person trusts or is trusted will be determined by what.

Analysis: a person's trust behavior is influenced by many elements.

Evaluation: trust or mistrust has impacts on the results of negotiations.

Ability Requirements:

Students will understand the definition of trust.

Students will understand what will determine that a person trusts or is trusted.

Students will be able to analyze what elements have influence on a person's trust behavior.

Students will be able to evaluate how trust or mistrust has impacts on the results of negotiations.

Teaching Emphasis:

What does trust consist of?

What will determine that a person trusts or is trusted?

What elements have decisive impacts on a person's trust behavior?

What influences does trust or mistrust bring about to the results of negotiations?

Unit 9 Personal Styles vs. Negotiation Modes Theory hour: 2 Practice hour: 0

Teaching Content:

- 9.1 Negotiators' Personal Styles
- 9.2 Negotiators' Personal Styles and AC Model
- 9.3 Personal Styles vs. Negotiation Modes
- 9.4 Application of Personality Tests

Knowledge Requirements:

Application: negotiators' personal styles.

Synthesis: the way personal styles of negotiators influence negotiation activities.

Analysis: cultural environment plays a role in shaping negotiators' personalities.

Ability Requirements:

Students will be able to analyze negotiators' personal styles.

Students will be able to synthesize the way personal styles of negotiators influence negotiation activities.

Students will be able to analyze how cultural environment plays a role in shaping negotiators' personalities.

Teaching Emphasis:

What kinds of personal styles do negotiators have?

How will the personal styles of negotiators influence negotiation activities?

How does cultural environment play a role in shaping negotiators' personalities?

Unit 10 Game Theory and Negotiation Application Theory hour: 4 Practice hour: 0 Teaching Content:

- 10.1 Game Theory, Its Assumptions and Rules
- 10.2 Consequences and the Matrix Display
- 10.3 The Prisoner's Dilemma
- 10.4 Direct Determinants of the Coordination Goal

Knowledge Requirements:

Comprehension: game theory and its basic assumptions.

Comprehension: the games are played in which way.

Analysis: prisoner's dilemma.

Analysis: the way game theory applied in negotiation.

Ability Requirements:

Students will understand game theory and its basic assumptions.

Students will understand the games are played in which way.

Students will be able to analyze prisoner's dilemma.

Students will be able to analyze the way game theory applied in negotiation.

Teaching Emphasis:

What are game theory and its basic assumptions?

How are the games played?

What does "prisoner's dilemma" tell us?

How is game theory applied in negotiation?

(二)教学单元对课程目标的支撑关系

| 课程目标 教学单元 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---|
| Unit 1: Negotiation Motives and Key Terminology | √ | | | √ | √ | √ |
| Unit 2: Negotiation Procedure and Structure | √ | √ | √ | | | |
| Unit 3: Negotiation Lubrication | √ | √ | √ | | | |
| Unit 4: Win-win Concept | √ | √ | | √ | √ | √ |
| Unit 5: Collaborative Principled Negotiation | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ | √ |
| Unit 6: Law of Interest Distribution | | √ | | | √ | |
| Unit 7: Negotiating Power and Related Factors | | 1 | √ | | √ | |
| Unit 8: Law of Trust | √ | | | | √ | |

| Unit 9: Personal Styles vs. Negotiation Modes | | √ | | √ | √ |
|---|---|---|--|----------|----------|
| Unit 10: Game Theory and Negotiation Application | √ | | | √ | √ |

(三) 课程教学方法与学时分配

| 教学单元 | 教与学方式 | 考核方式 | 学时分配 | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|--|------|----|----|
| 教子 半儿 | 教刊子 万式 | 考核 刀式 | 理论 | 实践 | 小计 |
| Unit 1: Negotiation Motives and Key Terminology | Group Discussion In-class Teaching | Class Participation; Self-evaluation Report. | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Unit 2: Negotiation Procedure and Structure | Case Analysis In-class Teaching | Self-evaluation Report; Group Presentation. | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Unit 3: Negotiation Lubrication | Case Study Lecture | Class Participation; Group Presentation. | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Unit 4: Win-win Concept | Team Practice In-class Teaching | Class Participation; Self-evaluation Report. | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Unit 5: Collaborative Principled Negotiation | Group Discussion In-class Teaching | Self-evaluation Report; Group Presentation. | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Unit 6: Law of Interest Distribution | Situational Teaching | Class Participation; Case Report. | 6 | 0 | 6 |
| Unit 7: Negotiating Power and Related Factors | Case Study In-class Teaching | Self-evaluation Report; Group Presentation. | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Unit 8: Law of Trust | Situational Teaching | Class Participation; Group Presentation. | 3 | 0 | 3 |
| Unit 9: Personal Styles vs. Negotiation Modes | Case Analysis Group Discussion | Self-evaluation Report; Group Presentation. | 2 | 0 | 2 |
| Unit 10: Game Theory and Negotiation | Team Discussion In-class Teaching | Class Participation; Group | 4 | 0 | 4 |

| Application | | Presentation. | | | |
|-------------|----|---------------|----|---|----|
| | 合计 | | 32 | 0 | 32 |

四、课程思政教学设计

| Teaching Content | Ideological and Political Education in the Curriculum |
|---|---|
| Overview of Business Negotiation (The meaning of negotiation, the basic characteristics of business negotiation, the types of business negotiation, the basic principles of business negotiation) | Core values of socialism, patriotism education, honesty education, legal awareness education, moral awareness education, international perspective, correct understanding of the world and China's development trend, correct understanding of Chinese characteristics and international comparison, correct understanding of the responsibility of the times and historical mission. |
| Quality of Business Negotiators (Strong political quality, good professional ethics, reasonable knowledge structure, good interpersonal skills, good psychological quality, good appearance) | Business regulations, political literacy, professional ethics, social morality, appearance, compliance with laws and regulations, integrity in public service, loyalty to the country, strong career spirit, enterprising spirit, and sense of responsibility. |
| Business Negotiation Psychology (Practical skills in personality and negotiation, temperament and negotiation, ability and negotiation, and business negotiation psychology) | A sound personality, good psychological qualities, honesty and friendliness, and moral cultivation. |
| Preparation for Business Negotiations (Organizing negotiators, collecting information and materials, developing negotiation plans, simulating negotiations) | "A good start is half the battle", "A decisive victory can be achieved thousands of miles away within the strategic curtain", "When everything is anticipated, it stands; if not anticipated, it is abandoned". |
| The Beginning of Business Negotiations Consultation in Business Negotiations | Create a good atmosphere of cooperation, pay attention to etiquette, and be honest and friendly. Values, patriotism, craftsmanship spirit, ideological and political education, humanistic literacy, learning to communicate and cooperate, and being proactive. |

| Signing of Business Negotiations | Socialist core values, fairness, integrity, and friendliness. |
|-------------------------------------|---|
| | |

五、课程考核

| 总评 | | | 课程目标 | | | | | | Д |
|----|-----|-------------------------|------|----|----|----|----|----|----------|
| 构成 | 占比 | 比 考核方式 - | | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 合计 |
| X1 | 50% | Group Presentation | 20 | 20 | | 40 | 20 | | 100 |
| X2 | 40% | Case Report | 10 | 10 | 40 | 10 | 20 | 10 | 100 |
| Х3 | 10% | Class Participation | | | | | 50 | 50 | 100 |

评价标准细则(选填)

| 考 核 | 课 | | 评价标准 | | | | | |
|-------------|-------------|------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|--|--|
| 核 项 目 | 程 目 标 | 考核要求 | 优 100-90 | 良 89-75 | 中 74-60 | 不及格 59-0 | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | |
| X1 | | | | | | | | |
| X2 | | | | | | | | |
| Х3 | | | | | | | | |

六、其他需要说明的问题

| None. |
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